

Answer Key

Amino Acid **The product of protein decomposition**

Anemia **The lack of hemoglobin, iron, or red blood cells in a animals body.**

Concentrate **Refers to a feed high in energy.**

Creep Feeding **A method of feeding young animals by placing a fence around feed in which only the young animals are capable of going through.**

Cud **Small wad of regurgitated feed or roughage in a ruminant's mouth.**

Drench **A method of giving an animal medication through its mouth. Dose syringes are most commonly used to give the animal the medication.**

Fatten **A feeding method used to help animals gain fat.**

Feedlot **Area where animals are penned up and fed to be slaughtered.**

Forage **Animal feed that is made largely up of plants such as grasses and hays.**

Grain **The edible seed of any grass plant such as wheat and soybeans**

Hay **Plant material that has been cut and dried for the purpose of feeding it to livestock.**

Legume A plant family that builds up nitrogen in the soil such as alfalfa and soybeans

Mixed Grazing A situation where two different species are grazing in the same area of pasture.

Roughage Feed that is high in fiber and low in nutrients such as straw and silage

Rumen The largest stomach compartment of a ruminant animal where bacteria begin to break feed down

Ruminant Animals that have more than one stomach.

Silage A crop that is usually stored in pits or enclosed areas at high moisture levels. Some crops that are used as silage are corn and sorghum.

Stocking Rate A specific number of animals on certain area of land at a date and time.